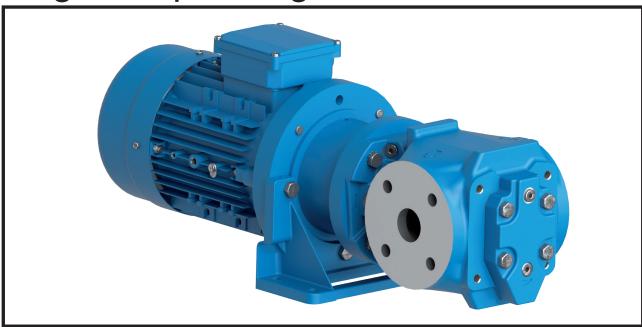


Screw pumps

OptiLine LPE4

Original Operating Manual



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Before commencing any work, read this instruction carefully! Failure to comply with these instructions may cause damage and personal injury!



Introduction

Other applicable documents

Document	Purpose
ATEX additional instructions	Operation in explosion-hazard areas
Order data sheet	Technical specifications, conditions of operation
Technical description	Technical specifications, operating limits
Supplier documentation	Technical documentation for parts supplied by subcontractors, e.g. drive system, coupling or auxiliary operating system.
Spare parts list	Ordering spare parts
Declaration of conformity	Conformity with standards,
	Content of the declaration of conformity

Safety

ATTENTION

The manufacturer accepts no liability for damages caused by disregarding any of the documentation.

Intended use

- Only use the pump to pump the agreed pumped liquids (→ order data sheet).
- Adhere to the operating limits.
- Avoid dry running:
 - Make sure the pump is only operated with, and never without, pumped liquid.
- Avoid cavitation:
 - Open the pressure-side fitting completely.
- Avoid damage to the motor:
 - Do not switch on themotor more that themaximumpermissible number of times per hour (→ manufacturer's specifications).
- Consult the manufacturer about any other use of the pump.
- Pumps delivered without a motor must be assembled into a pump unit according to the provisions of EC Machine Directive 2006/42/EC.

Prevention of obvious misuse (examples)

- Note the operating limits of the pump with regard to temperature, pressure, viscosity, flow rate and motor speed (→ order data sheet).
- When using auxiliary systems, ensure there is a continuous supply of the appropriate operating medium.
- Do not operate the pump while the pressure-side fitting is closed.
- Only select the setup type according to this operating manual. For example, the following are not allowed:
 - Hanging pumps in the pipe
 - Overhead installation
 - Installation in the immediate vicinity of extreme heat or cold sources

General safety instructions

ATTENTION

Observe the following regulations before carrying out any work.

Product safety

The pump has been constructed according to the latest technology and recognized technical safety rules. Nevertheless, operation of the pump can still put the life and health of the user or third parties at risk or damage the pump or other property.

- Only operate the pump if it is in perfect technical condition and only use it as intended, remaining aware of safety and risks, and adhere to the instructions in this manual.
- Keep this manual and all other applicable documents complete, legible and accessible to personnel at all times.

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- Refrain from any procedures and actions that would pose a risk to personnel or third parties.
- In the event of any safety-relevant malfunctions, shut down the pump immediately and have the malfunction corrected by the personnel responsible.
- In addition to the entire documentation for the product, comply with statutory or other safety and accident-prevention regulations and the applicable standards and guidelines in the country where the system is operated.

Obligations of the operating company

Safety-conscious operation

- Ensure that the following safety aspects are observed and monitored:
 - Intended use
 - Statutory or other safety and accident-prevention regulations
 - Safety regulations governing the handling of hazardous substances
 - Applicable standards and guidelines in the country where the pump is operated
- Make personal protective equipment available.

Qualified personnel

- · Make sure all personnel tasked with work on the pump have read and understood this manual and all other applicable documents, especially the safety, maintenance and repair information, before they start any work.
- Organize responsibilities, areas of competence and the supervision of personnel.
- Ensure that all work is carried out by specialist technicians only:
 - Fitting, repair and maintenance work
 - Work on the electrical system
- Make sure that trainee personnel only work on the pump under the supervision of specialist technicians.
- Persons who have an implanted pacemaker:
 - Must stay away from the pump with magnetic coupling and parts of the magnetic coupling
 - May not work on or with any of the magnetic parts

Safety equipment

- Provide the following safety equipment and verify its functionality:
 - For hot, cold and moving parts: on-site safety guards for the pump
 - For possible electrostatic charges: provide the necessary grounding
 - If there is no pressure relief valve in the pump: Provide an appropriate safety valve on the pressure side between the pump and the first shut-off device

Warranty

- Obtain the manufacturer's approval prior to carrying out any modifications, repairs or alterations during the warranty period.
- Only use genuine parts or parts that have been approved by the manufacturer.

Drive system

For pumps delivered without a drive system, comply with the following requirements for the drive system:

- When using three-phase asynchronous motors, observe IEC 60034-30-1.
- Power of the drive according to EN ISO 5199 is recommended (EN ISO 5199 also applicable for drives of screw pumps).
- Use coupling guard with the following requirements:
 - Fastening elements must be connected to the pump unit in undetachable design (cannot get lost).
 - Safety distances against the reaching of hazardous areas according to EN ISO 13857 must be complied with.

Obligations of the operating company

- All directions given on the pump must be followed (and kept legible), e.g. the arrow indicating the sense of rotation and the markings for fluid connections.
- Pump, coupling guard and components:
 - Do not step on them or use as a climbing aid
 - Do not use them to support boards, ramps or beams
 - Do not use them as a fixing point for winches or supports
 - Do not use them for storing paper or similar materials
 - Do not use hot pump or motor components as a heating point
 - Do not de-ice using gas burners or similar tools
- Do not remove the safety guards for hot, cold or moving parts during operation.
- Use personal protective equipment whenever necessary.
- Only carry out work on the pump while it is not running.
- · Isolate the motor from its supply voltage and secure it against being switched back on again when carrying out any fitting or maintenance work.
- Reinstall the safety equipment on the pump as required by regulations after any work on the pump.
- With an implanted pacemaker:
 - Stay at least 1 meter away from the pump with magnetic coupling or parts of the magnetic coupling.
 - Do not work with or on the magnetic parts.

Specific hazards

Explosion-hazard area

• (→ ATEX additional instructions).

Hazardous pumped liquids

- Observe the safety regulations for handling hazardous substances (e.g. hot, flammable, poisonous or potentially harmful) when handling hazardous pumped liquids.
- Use personal protective equipment when carrying out any work on the pump.
- Noise level:
 - Check individual pump series noise level in respective Product Description

Magnetic field

The magnetic field of the magnetic coupling can destroy products that are sensitive to magnets.

These include:

- Pacemakers
- Plastic identity cards with magnetic strips
- Credit and check cards
- Electric, electronic and precision mechanical devices (such as mechanical and digital clocks, pocket calculators, hard disks)

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Installation

For pumps in explosion-hazard areas (→ ATEX additional instructions).

Design limitations and technical data for each pump are found in the Product description. Installation of IMO AB low pressure pumps does not require special skills. However, these instructions presume that the work is carried out by experienced fitters!



Failure to comply with these instructions may cause damage and personal injury

Transport and storage

Always protect the pump against ingress of water and other impurities. Store the pump in a clean, dry and warm environment. The pump is delivered with the internals oiled and with protective covers over the pipe connections and drain openings. These covers should remain in place for as long as possible during the mounting and installation procedure but must be removed before start up.

Lifting of pump

Lifting of the complete pump unit with the lifting device attached to the motor, should be avoided as the motor's lifting provisions may not be able to carry the combined weight of the pump and motor.



All pumps should be lifted with straps securely attached to the pump or pump unit, so that the center of gravity is located between the straps in order to avoid tipping of the pump.

Strainer

The pump has to be protected from foreign matters such as weld slag, pipe scale, etc., that could enter the pump via the suction line. If the cleanliness of the system cannot be guaranteed, a strainer must be installed in the inlet pipe near the pump. For practical reasons a suction strainer with 0.8-2.0 mm mesh openings is recommended.

The size of the strainer should be selected so that it is large enough to allow adequate pressure at the pump inlet. The pressure drop across the strainer should preferably not exceed 0.1 bar at max. flow rate and normal operating viscosity. A vacuum gauge between the strainer and the pump inlet is recommended to indicate when the strainer needs cleaning.



All work carried out on the pump has to be performed in such a manner that risks for personal injury are observed.



Lifting a complete pump unit, using slings or hooks attached to the pump or connecting frame may be dangerous since the centre of gravity of the pump unit may be higher than the points of attachement.

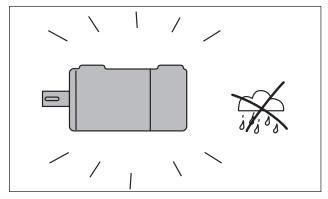


Fig 1. Keep dry and clean

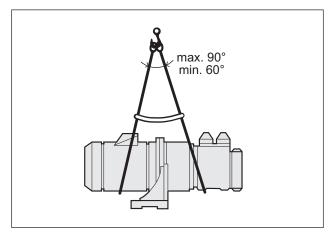


Fig 2. Lifting the pump

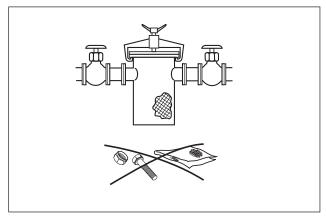


Fig. 3 Strainer

Pipe connections

The pipe work shall be installed and supported so that no pipe stresses are transferred to the pump body. The pipe forces and torque transferred to the pump shall be in accordance with ISO 14847. The pipe work should be tight in order to avoid leakage and infiltration of foreign particles and/or air. Shut off valves should be installed in both suction and discharge pipes, so that the pump can be hydraulically isolated.

Suction line

The suction pipe should be designed so that the total pressure drop, measured at the pump inlet flange, does not exceed the suction capability of the pump. Make a proper calculation of the suction line including components such as valves, strainer, pipe bends etc. Generally, the pressure drop in the suction line should be as low as possible, which is achieved if the suction pipe is short, straight and has a suitable diameter. The velocity in the suction line should be kept in the range 0.5 - 1.2 m/s. For L.O. circulating systems, we recommend to keep it as low as possible. The suction line must be equipped with a port that allows filling the pump before start.

Discharge line

The discharge line should be dimensioned to keep the velocity in the range 1 - 3 m/s.

Deaeration

In installations with negative suction head, where the pump might be started against a pressurized system, a deaeration pipe with an orifice (2-3 mm is recommended) has to be installed. The deaeration pipe should be connected to the outlet pipe's highest point. This must also be installed when the pump is used as a stand-by pump.

Liquid trap

In some mounting arrangements the pump may not retain the liquid at stand still. In such installations the suction pipe should be arranged so it forms a liquid trap together with the pump, keeping the pump half filled with liquid.



When handling liquids that may harm skin use gloves and/or protective clothing



When handling liquids shich may involve fire hazards appropriate precautions to avoid danger are to be taken.

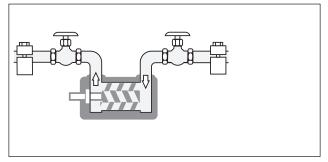


Fig. 4 Pipe connections

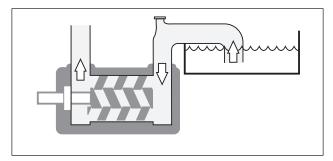


Fig. 5 Suction Line

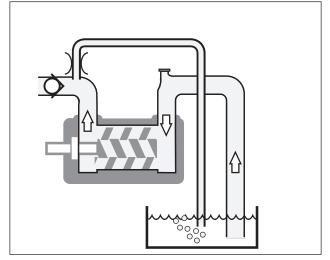


Fig. 6 Deaeration

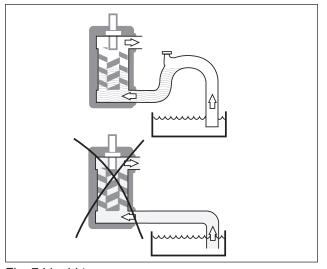


Fig. 7 Liquid trap

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Gauges

Gauges for monitoring the pump's working conditions are recommended. These gauges should be placed readable as close to the pumps in- and outlet flanges as possible. On the LPE Optiline standard pumps there are gauge connections for both in- and outlet.

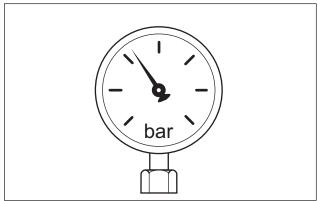
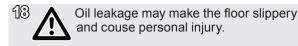


Fig. 8 Gauges

Pressure relief valve

All systems with screw pumps must be equipped with a pressure relief valve installed immediately adjacent to the pump. In the standard versions of IMO LPE Optiline pumps, this pressure relief valve is an integral part of the pump to protect the system against excess pressure. When liquid is circulated through the valve it heats up in proportion to the set pressure level and the percentage of by-passed liquid. 100% bypass can only be tolerated for less than about 3 minutes, 50 %by-pass generally for unlimited periods of time. If more than 50% recirculation is anticipated, a value specific to each application should be determined by closely monitoring the pump body temperature. If the pump is operating in line with a separate pressure control valve (see fig.9), the setting of the relief valve should be high enough so as not to interfere with the control valve. Likewise, if two pumps are operating in parallel, the setting should be such that interference between the two valves is avoided.

Also remember that a total bypass by the pumps internal relief valve for longer periods will cut of the cooling flow to the pumps magnetic coupling and cause an overheating with destroyed magnets as a result quite fast.



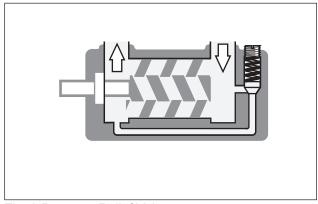


Fig. 9 Pressure Relief Valve

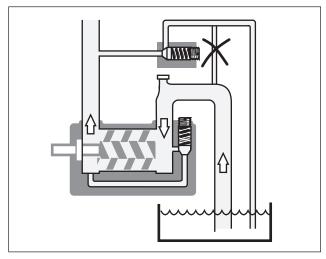


Fig. 10 External control with presssure relief valve

For pumps in explosion-hazard areas (→ ATEX additional instructions).

Pressure testing and flushing

The system must be flushed and pressure tested before connecting the pump. If corrosive liquid, such as water is used, the system must be thoroughly drained, dried and protected against corrosion after having been flushed.

Before starting:

After installation and whenever it can be assumed that the pump has been emptied, the pump must be thoroughly filled with liquid. See fig 11.



Make sure the prime mover is locked out and can not be started accidentally.

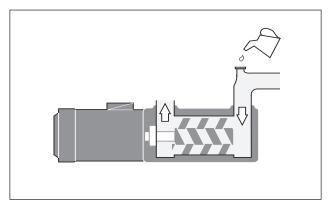


Fig. 11 Filling the pump



Don't mix up with arrow for inlet and outlet!

Direction of rotation

When the pump is ready to be started, switch the motor briefly on and off and check that the drive motor rotates in the correct direction as indicated by the rotation arrow. The arrow is placed on the side of the front cover 5010 as well as on riveted steel plates on the connecting frame 003.

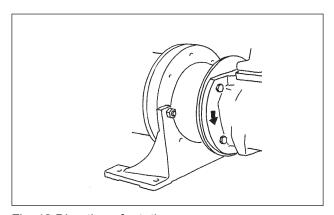


Fig. 12 Direction of rotation

Differential pressure

Differential pressures bellow 1 bar is strictly forbidden as the magnetic coupling under these conditions may loose its cooling flow and cause an overheating of the magnetic coupling with a risk of a potential fire as a result.

We do strongly recommend magnetic coupled pumps to be equipped with a differential pressure monitoring device that stops the pump automatically if the differential pressure for some reason should drop to below 1bar.

Air in the pumped fluid

It is forbidden to use the LPE Optiline pump with fluids that contains more than 0,2% of air due to the risk of ignition during an eventual overheating of the pump.

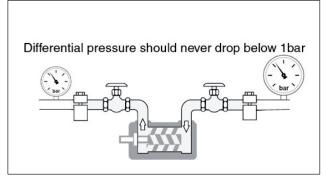


Fig. 13 Differential Pressure

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Trouble shooting

Problem	Cause	What to do		
Wrong direction of rotation	- Electric cables to motor wrongly connected.	Reverse the terminal connection on electric motor.		
		Connecting and disconnecting of electric cables must be done only by personnel authorized to do such work.		
The pump cannot be primed - Wrong direction of rotation Suction line is not open or pressure drop in the suction line is too high. - Major air leakage into the suction		See above. Check all components in suction line. The inlet condition should be checked with a vacuum gauge at the pump inlet. Check the suction line.		
	line. - The pump cannot evacuate the air through the discharge line due to excessive counter pressure.	See the chapter on Deaeration (see page 19).		
The magnetic coupling is slipping	- A too high viscosity has caused the magnetic coupling to slip.	Lower the viscosity to a maximum approved (the viscosity normally used in the pumped liquid) and restart the pump by switching it off and on.		
	The pump is blocked inside the rotors by a foreign object.	Remove the foreign object from the pump and control the bores and rotors for abnormalities/damages. Restart the pump by switching it off and on.		
No flow	- The pump is not primed. - The pressure relief valve is set below the counter pressure.	See above. Readjust the pressure relief valve to a value above counter pressure.		
Flow too low	- The magnetic coupling is slipping - The pressure relief valve is set too low (Discharge pressure also low).	See above. Readjust the pressure relief valve		
	- Something is restricting the flow in the suction line. (This would usually cause noise).	Check all components in the suction line (strainers, valves etc.).		
	- The pumped liquid contains a significant amount of compressible gas, such as free air. (This would usually cause noise).	Go thru the system and determine if there are any leaks.		

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Problem	Cause	What to do		
Pressure too low	- The pressure relief valve is set too low.	Readjust the pressure relief valve.		
	- Counter pressure in the discharge line is too low due to a major leakage.	Check the components in the discharge line inclusive the recipients.		
	- The valve piston is stuck in open position.	Check the valve. See Maintenance and Service instruction for this pump.		
	- Something is restricting the flow in the suction line. (This would usually cause noise).	Check all components in the suction line (strainers, valves etc.).		
	- The pumped liquid contains a significant amount of compressible gas, such as free air. (This would usually cause noise).			
	- A too small pump has been chosen.	Contact your IMO AB representative.		
Pressure too high	- The pressure relief valve is set too high.	Readjust the pressure relief valve.		
	The oil is too cold (or has higher viscosity than anticipated).Counter pressure in the discharge line is too high.	Reduce the pressure setting until operational temperature has been reached. Check the discharge line.		
Drive motor difficult to	- Counter pressure too high.	See above: Pressure too high.		
start or tends to stop by tripping the motor over- load relay	- Liquid too cold.	Readjust the pressure relief valve to a lower value. Thus the power consumption for the pumping is relieved and overloading due to the high viscosity may be avoided. When the liquid has reached normal temperature and thus flows easily, the relief valve is reset to normal pressure.		
	- Motor is undersized for the prevailing conditions.	Check the motor.		
	- Electrical power supply faulty.	Check the motor and motor connection.		
	- Motor overload relay set too low or is faulty.	Readjust or replace the relay.		
	- Incorrect setting of Y/D starter.	Readjust the setting of the starting sequence. The time before the motor overload relay is tripped should not exceed 10-15 seconds.		
Noise and vibration	- The flow to the pump is insufficient.	See chapter: The flow is too low.		
2⁄2 ▲ Monitor the	- Insufficient support of pipe work.	Check for pipe vibrations in the pump connections. Check that the pipes are sufficiently clamped.		
pump function	- Air leakage into the suction line.	Check the suction line for air leakage.		
and shut down if any sign of malfunction is noticed	- Faulty electrical supply.	Check all three phases of the supply.		

Maintenance and Service

For pumps in explosion-hazard areas (→ ATEX additional instructions).

Introduction

A screw pump from IMO is a quality product that is designed for a long problem free operation in tough environments. As all other mechanical products they do however requires a certain grade of maintenance and service in order to guarantee a faultless and economic favourable operation.

A recommendation is to go through the pump each 5 year in order to replace wear details such as ball bearings and certain gaskets and o-rings. A relatively small review of a screw pump from IMO means that the pump in most of the cases will be in a condition "as new" and therefore give the operator another long and problem free operation.

Indentification of safety instructions

Non complience of safety instructions identified by the following symbol could affect safety for persons

Safety instructions where electrical safety is involved are identified by:

Safety instructions which shall be considered for reasons of safe operation of the pump or pump unit and/or protection of the pump or pump unit itself are marked by the sign:

Service intervals

The intervals for inspection and replacement of wear parts vary greatly with the properties of the pumped liquid and can only be determined by experience. All internal parts of the LPE Optiline pump are lubricated by the pumped liquid. Pumping liquid which contain abrasive materials, or liquid that is corrosive, will significantly reduce service life and call for shorter service intervals. Wear in the pump will normally show as:

- Vibration
- Noise
- · Loss of capacity
- · Reduction in flow/pressure
- Loss of the magnetic power

We recommend planned inspections and/or overhaul at regular intervals, not exceeding 5 years. It is recommended to always have the spares included in joint spare part kit G057 together with the ball bearing 122 available for a planned inspection.

Inspection of rotors

To reach the idler rotors in a quicker way than described in the dismantling section, loosen the rear cover (480) with the valve. Screw out the idler rotors backwards. Internal clearances in the pump, which are vital for its proper function, may have been affected by wear. Acceptable wear can be determined only by experience of the actual application. As a rule of thumb the following max clearance values may apply: Between rotor and bores: 0.2 mm, Between rotor flanks: 0.4 mm For light duties (low pressure, medium viscosity) even bigger clearances may be acceptable but for low viscosity/high pressure duties the limit will be lower. Also watch if there are major scratches on these parts.

Inspection of the magnetic coupling

The magnetic coupling with all its components is considered to be maintenance free if operated and mounted according to our instructions.

The lifetime of the magnets is well within the lifetime of the pump and exchange of the magnets is only necessary if a major breakdown has occurred as a result of for example excessive amounts of dirt or particles in the pumped fluid.

Common aspects with magnetic couplings

Permanent magnetic couplings generate a strong magnetic field. The installation must be carried out only by trained staff that has the understanding of how a magnetic coupling acts and all the safety precautions related to it. All installation instructions must be strictly followed. Modifications or changes to the magnetic coupling or its components are not to be allowed under any circumstances. IMO does NOT take any responsibilities for damages caused by improper use or damages related to this.

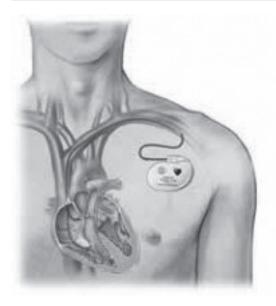
Magnetic data carriers such as bank cards, floppy disks etc may become unreadable and should always be kept separated from the magnetic field.

DANGER

Installations and maintenance must always take place during complete shutdown in an un-pressurised condition. The drive unit must be secured against inadvertent switching on by means of blocking the electrical supply to the electric motor in order to avoid serious injuries due to rotating parts.



ATTENTION! In areas where permanent magnetic couplings are handled or stored with open access, persons with heart PACEMAKERS should keep a distance of 3 meters. For permanent magnetic couplings assembled within a pump a safety distance of 3 meter is sufficient.



Precautions prior to starting maintenance on the pump



If the pumps operating temperature exceeds 60°C, let the pump cool off before any service, maintenance or dismantling work is commenced to avoid burn injury



All work carried out on the pump has to be performed in such a manner that risks for personal injury are observed!



When handling liquids that may harm skin, use gloves and/or protecting clothing!



When handling liquids which may involve fire hazard appropriate precautions to avoid danger are to be taken.



In case of failure for system with elevated pressure, fluid jets may cause injury and/ or damage.



Oil leakage may make the floor slippery and cause personal injury.



Before any maintenance work, ensure that the driver is deenergized and the pump hydraulically isolated.



Connecting and disconnecting of electrical cables must be done only by personnel authorized to do such work.

List of components

Valid for all LPE Optiline Generation 4 pumps with sizes 025, 032, 038 and leads L, K, N & D With version codes, NJBP, NKBP, NLBP & NMBP

PosNo	Designation	Qty	G012	G054	G057	G070	G098	Notes
002	Motor	1						
003	Connecting frame	1						
004	Angle bracket	1						
005	Magnetic coupling complete	1					Χ	
005A	Retaining ring	1		Χ	Χ		Χ	
005B	Sealing can	1					Χ	
005C	Inner magnetic rotor	1					Χ	
005D	Outer magnetic rotor	1					Х	
006A	Screw	4						
007A	Screw	6						
007B	O-ring	1		Χ	Χ		Χ	
1020	Power rotor	1	X	Х				
112	Balancing piston	1	X	X				2
113	Shaft key	1	X	Х				
122	Ball bearing	1	Х	Χ				
124	Retaining ring	1	X	Χ	Х			
124A	Support ring	1	X	Χ	X			
202	Idler rotor	2	X	X	, ,			
351	Balancing bush	1	X	Χ				
401	Pump body	1		, ,				
418	Gasket	1		Χ	Χ			1
423	Gasket	1		X	X			1
451	Screw	4			,,			
453	Screw	4						
462	Plug	1						
462A	Sealing washer	1		Х	Χ			
463	Plug	1						
463A	Washer	1		Χ	Χ			
5010	Front cover	1		,,	,,			
502	Plug	2						
506	Gasket	1		Χ	Χ			
551	Rear cover	1		,,	7.			
556	Gasket	1		Χ	Χ			
6000	Compl. Valve	1		,,	,,	Χ		
(605)	O-ring	1		Χ	Χ	X		
(608)	Valve spindle	1		,,	7.	X		2
(608A)	Tension pin	1				X		2
6120	Set screw	1				X		2
(613)	Tension pin	1				X		2
(614)	Valve piston	1				X		2
(615)	Valve spring	1				X		2
701	Stud bolt	4				Λ		2
701A	Washer	4						
701B	Nut	4						
7015	Screw	4						
702 702A	Washer	4						
702A 703	Screw	3						
703 703A	Washer	3						
703A 703B	Nuts	3						
998	Drive hub							
998 998B		1						
9900	Screw	ı						

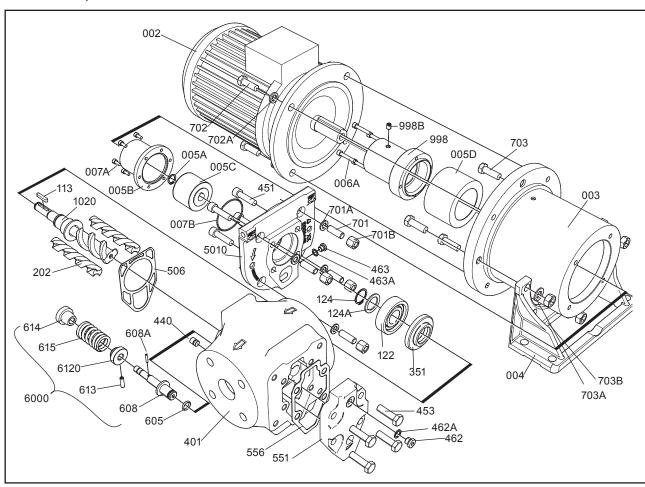
Explanations
G012: Rotorset
G054: Major kit
G057: Joint kit
G070: Complete valve
G098: Complete magnetic coupling

Notes:

- 1) Gaskets for counter flanges
- 2) Not sold separately

Before commencing any work, read this instrucion carefully! Failure to comply with these instrutions may cause damage and personal injury!

For more information about the pumps identification code, technical data and performance we refer to the LPE Product description.



Ordering Code

			Part numbers for pump size		
Item	Spare part sets		025	032	038
G012	Rotor set	D-lead	-	-	901193362
	"	K-lead	-	-	901193360
	"	L-lead	901193356	901193358	-
	"	N-lead	901193357	901193359	901193361
G054	Major kit	D-lead	-	-	901193991
	"	K-lead	-	-	901193992
	"	L-lead	901193987	901193989	-
	"	N-lead	901193988	901193990	901193993
G057	Joint kit		901193994	901193994	901193995
G070	Valve element		901189873	901189873	901189873
G098	Magnetic cou- pling	xKxx	901193370	901193370	
	"	xLxx	901193371	901193371	901193371
	"	xMxx		901193372	901193372
	"	xNxx			901193373
122	Ball bearing		901173765	901173765	901173591
-	Flange kit		901193998	901193999	901194000
-	Flange gasket		901193997	901193996	901158626

Recommended Spare Parts Kits and tool kits

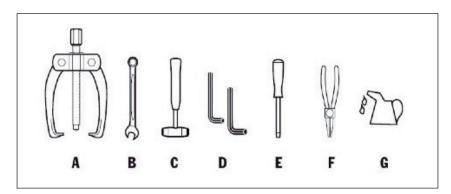
Every shutdown for service of a plant is costly. The time for repair should therefore be limited to a minimum which can be accomplished by keeping a spare pump. The changed pump can later be repaired at a suitable place and can then be used as a spare pump. For maintenance the following spare parts kits and tools are recommended:

Kit:	Content:	To be used for:	
G057	Gaskets & o-rings	Dismantling of pump	
G012	Rotor set	Repair after break down	
122	Ball bearing	Repair after break down	

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Dismantling and reassembling the pump

List of tools necessary for dismantling and reassembly



A = Puller

B = Spanner 16 mm

C = Plastic mallet

D = Allen keys (3 mm & 5 mm)

E = Screw driver

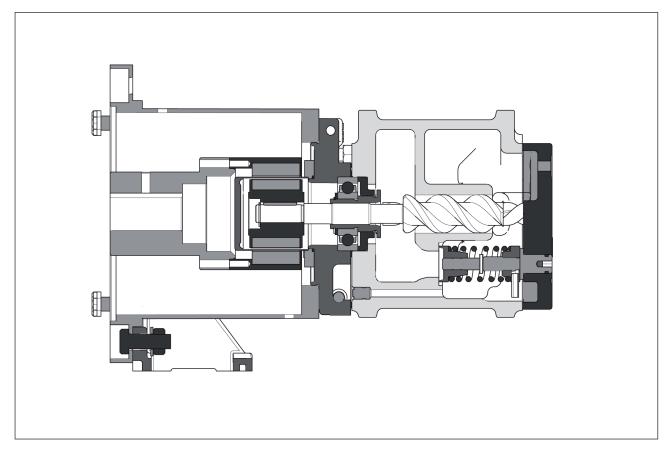
F = Plier

G = Oil can

Tightening Torque table

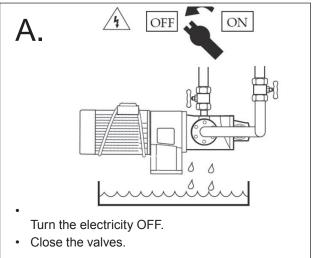
Tightening torque (Nm)			
Pos No	Torque		
0006A	9		
0007A	5		
451	40		
453	40		
462	40		
463	40		
701	40		
702 IEC			
80-90	25		
100-132	40		
703B IEC			
80-90	25		
100-132	40		
998B IEC			
80	9		
90	20		
100-132	40		
	-		
	Loctite 222		
998B, 006A - Fastened with			
sealant Loctite	222 or similar		

Sectional View

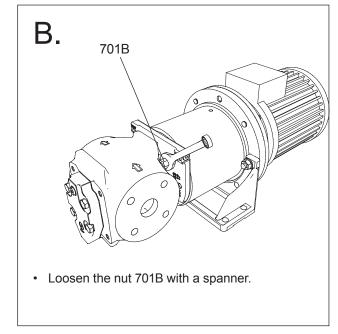


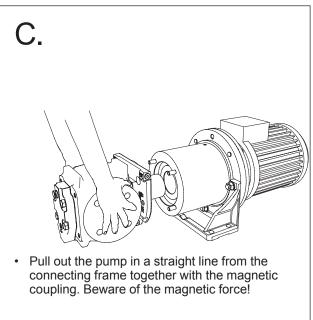
LPE4 2022.03 en-GB, ID-No.: 163-041/E

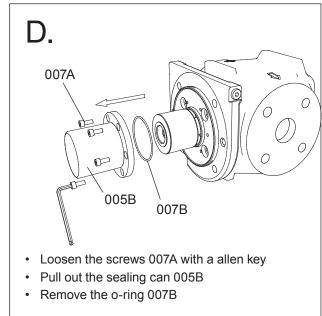
Dismantling

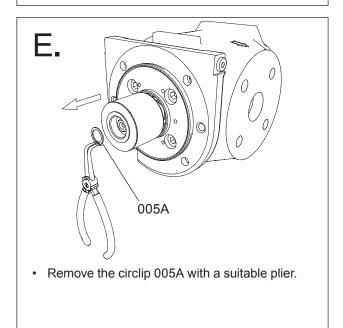


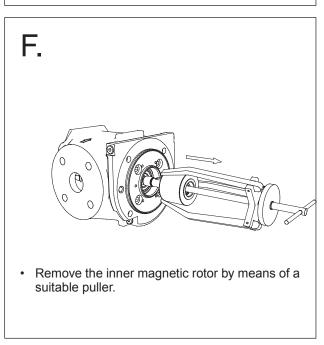
Use appropriate vessels to collect oil spillage when removing and opening the pump.





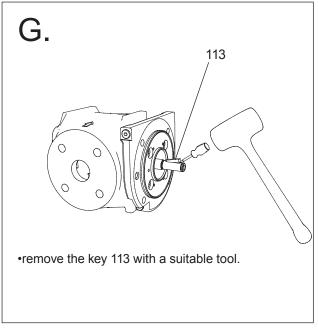


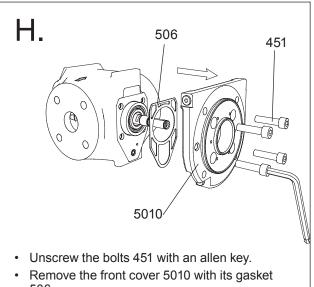


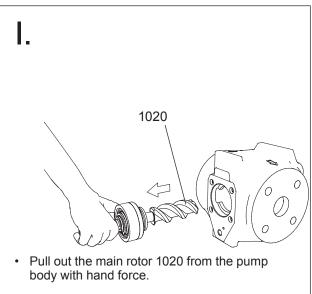


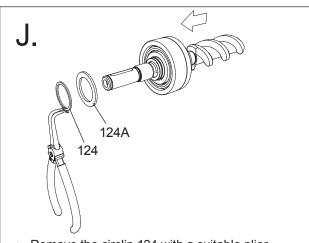
LPE4 2022.03 en-GB, ID-No.: 163-041/E



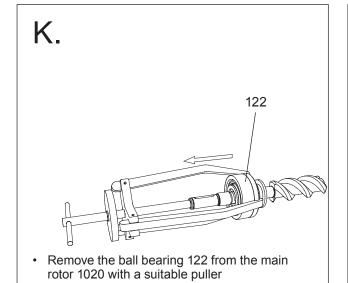


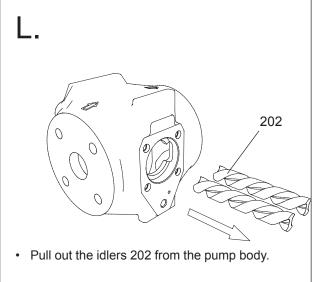






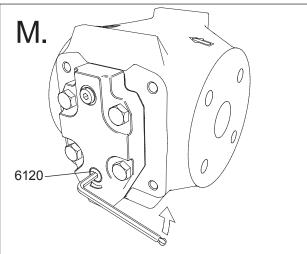
- Remove the circlip 124 with a suitable plier from the main rotor 1020.
- Remove the support washer 124A from the main rotor 1020.





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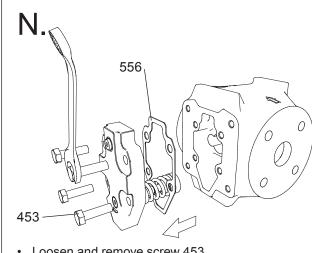
18



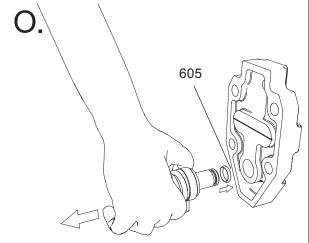
Release tension spring by turning the set screw 6120 CCW as much as possible.

Note: Count number of turns when opening

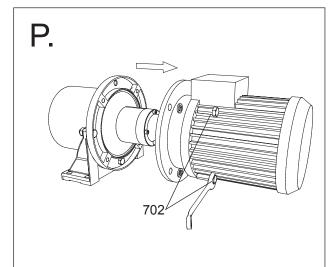
to get correct settings when reassembly.



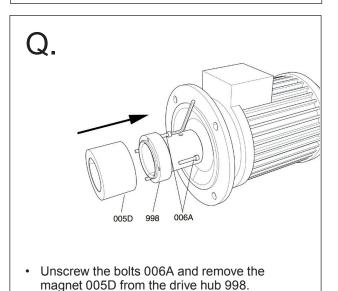
- · Loosen and remove screw 453.
- Remove gasket 556.

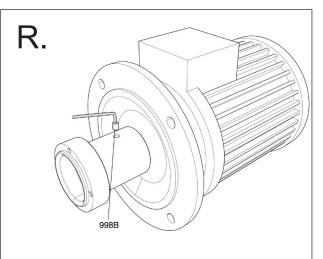


- Remove the relief valve and replace the o-ring 605.
- Reassembly relief valve.



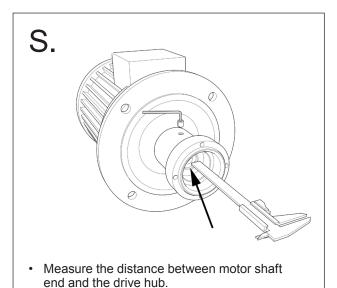
Remove bolts 702 and pull out the motor from the connection frame.

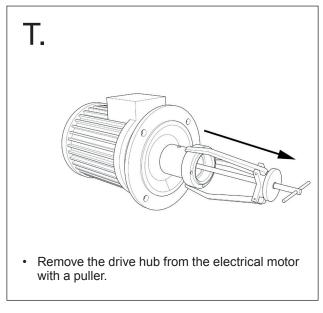




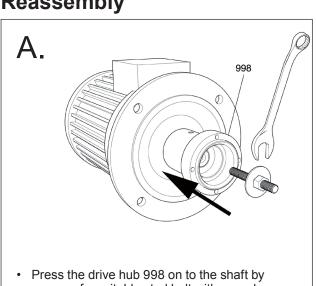
Release the screw 998B.



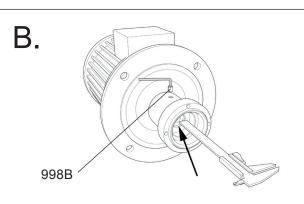




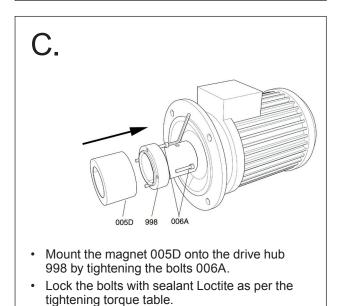
Reassembly

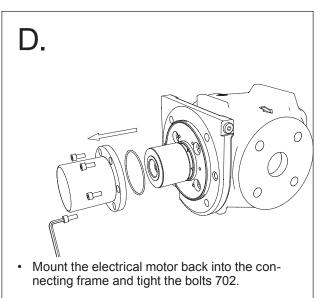


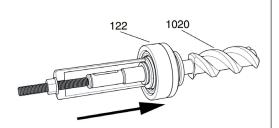
means of a suitable stud bolt with a washer and nut.



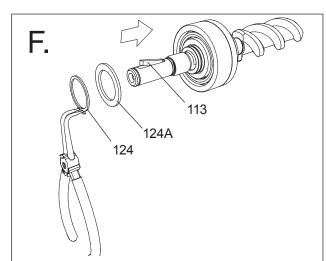
- Measure the distance so that it will be the same as before the dismount.
- Tight the screw 998B as per the tightening torque table.
- Lock the screw with sealant Loctite as per the tightening torque table.





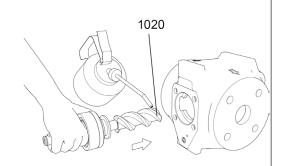


 Mount the ball bearing onto the rotor 1020 by either using a mounting tool as above or by heating up the ball bearing (max 110 deg).

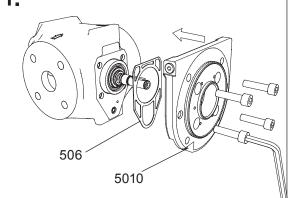


- Mount the washer 124A and the circlip 124 onto the main rotor 1020.
- · Mount the key 113 in its groove.

G.

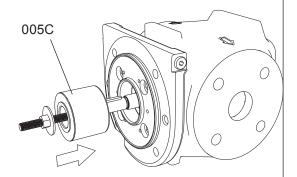


 Lubricate the drive shaft 1020 and mount it into the pump body. Η.

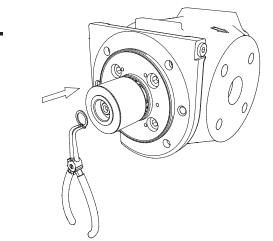


 Mount the frontcover 5010 and the gasket 506 and tight the bolts with the correct torque which can be found in Tighten Torque table.

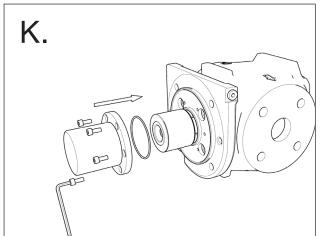
L



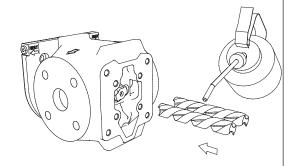
 Mount the inner magnet 005C onto the shaft by using a stud bolt M6 with a suitable washer and nut, press the inner magnet into its final position by using hand force or distance ring. J



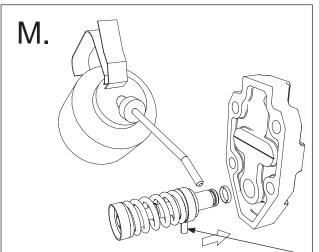
Mount the circlip 005A with a plier.



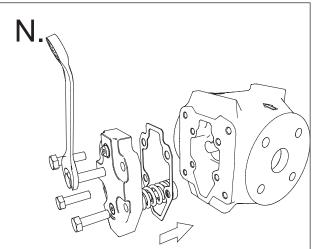
 Mount the o-ring 007B and the seal can 005B and tight the screws 007A with the correct torque as stated on page 8. L.



 Mount the idlers 202 into the pump body after thoroughly lubricating them.

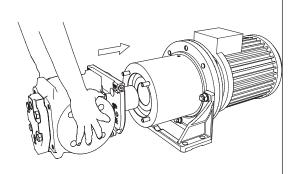


 Mount the valve 6000 with its o-ring 605 into the back cover 551, lubricate thoroughly.
 Note: shall always be pointing downwards.



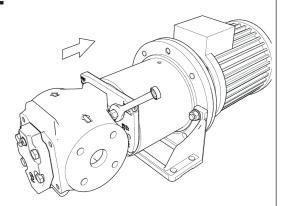
- Mount the back cover 551 together with the valve 6000 and gasket 556. Tight the bolts.
- Tight the bolts 453 with the correct torque that can be found in Tightening Torque table.





• Mount the pump into the connection frame in a straight line.

P



 Tighten the bolts 701 according to Tightening Torque table.

Adress:

IMO AB PO Box 42090, 126 14 Stockholm Sweden